The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 2587

SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 24. 1743.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from Holland.

Petersburgh, September 7.

HIS Imperial Highneſs the Grand Duke ſigned, ſome Days ago, an Act of Renunciation in favour of Sweden, as to all his Rights on the allodial Effects of the Houſe of Waſa, agreeable to the Third Article of the Preliminaries. This Act of Renunciation, together with the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty, lately concluded, was ſent back to Abo, in order to their being exchanged. We expect, in a Fortnight's time, our Plenipotentiaries back from thence; and it is thought, that her Imperial Majeſty will then ſend General Romanzow with the Character of her Ambaſſador to Stockholm. Her Imperial Majeſty has alſo directed her Miniſter at Copenhagen, to make very ſtrong Repreſentations to that Court, in relation to the Preparations that are making there for invading Sweden; with Orders likewiſe to inform his Daniſh Majeſty, that in caſe he perſiſts in this Reſolution, the Empreſs is determined to aſſiſt the Swedes with all her Forces, purſuant to Treaty. We are informed, that five Ships of War are returning from Archangel, and four from Kola, in order to Winter in this Port. According to our laſt Advices from Conſtantinople, the Shah Nadir was in full March with his Army to inveſt Bagdad.

Stockholm, September 20. Yeſterday it was reſolved, that the Dyet ſhould riſe on the 23d; and this Day the ſame was notified to the People by the Sound of Trumpets, and other uſual Ceremonies. A War with Denmark is now look'd upon as inevitable; the Troops of that Kingdom are in full March on the Side of Norway, and we expect to ſee them very ſoon paſs their own Frontiers. We gueſs, from various Circumſtances, that the Danes intend to land in different Parts of the Kingdom; and therefore we are reſolved, on our Side, to form three Camps; one in Bahus, under the Command of General Wrangel; another in Schonen, under the Command of Field-Marſhal Hamilton; and the third in Holland, where they know not, as yet, who will command. Count Gallowin, the Ruſſian Admiral, has Orders to act with his Fleet (as ſoon as the Danes commit Hoſtilities) according to the Orders he ſhall receive from the King our Sovereign; and General Keith, with 12,000 Ruſſian Foot, is actually embarking in Finland, in order to come to our Aſſiſtance. The Nation, even in its preſent diſtreſſed Circumſtances, would not either ſpare needed, or demanded, theſe Succours to repel the Danes, her own Force would have been ſufficient for that Purpoſe; but as we do not conceive that this Enterprize is carried on at the Expence of Denmark, ſo if any other Crown ſhould ſuddenly declare on her Side, it will be requiſite for us to be provided againſt ſuch a Surprize.

Copenhagen, September 24. Yeſterday General Arnold ſet out again for Norway, in order to take upon him the Command of our Army there; part of our Garriſon marched ſome Days ago. The Army has had Orders to march to Helſingfors, in order to embark immediately; and the King will, To-morrow, make a grand Promotion of Officers. The Liſt is not indeed publiſhed, but we know that Count Hohenloke will be declared a General.

Madrid, September 10. The Court has lately received Expreſs from the Count de Montejo, with Diſpatches of ſuch Importance, that a Cabinet Council was immediately held; at the Cloſe of which, the Courier was diſpatch'd back with his Anſwer. We have lately remitted, by Way of Subſidy, to the Court of France, 2,000,000 Pieces of Eight, and 400,000 more to Toulon in order to put the Squadron there, under the Command of Admiral Navano, in a Condition to put to Sea, in Conjunction with the French Fleet. We received, Yeſterday, an Expreſs from Cadiz, with Advice, that a Dutch Ship was arrived there, the Captain of which declared, that he parted, in the Chanel of Bahama, with the St. Antonio Man of War, which had on board 2,000,000 of Pieces of Eight; 1,000,000 in Gold, and another Million in Effects. We are in great Pain till this Ship arrives. This Morning came an Expreſs from St. Sebaſtians, with the News, that an Engliſh Squadron was before that Place, and was preparing to attack it; the Meſſenger was diſpatch'd back in two Hours, with Inſtructions to the Governor. The Ducheſs Dowager of Solferino, who has the Honour to be very near the Perſon of the Queen, being ſeiz'd lately with a Diſtemper, which appear'd Yeſterday to be a Purple Fever, was immediately removed from the Palace of St. Ildefonſo, with Phyſicians, Surgeons, and other Perſons, proper to attend her; who have Orders not to appear at Court till 40 Days after her Recovery. This Morning an Expreſs was diſpatch'd to Cadiz, with Orders to cauſe five Galleys that lie there, to be equipt with the utmoſt Expedition.

Venice, September 17. We learn from the Auſtrian Army in Lombardy, that on the 12th Inſtant Prince Lobkowitz arrived there, and that Count Traun had reſigned to him his Command; and that it was expected he would immediately march towards the Spaniards, in order to force them to a Battle, or oblige them to retire into the Territory of Naples. We have, as yet, no certain Account, that the Artillery, landed in the Eccleſiaſtical State, has as yet been brought to the Quarters of the Count de Gages; and it is even doubted whether, conſidering the Diſpoſitions made by the Auſtrians, it will be found poſſible. We continue to take all the Precautions imaginable, to prevent the Plague from being brought hither from Sicily, or Calabria.

Worms, September 24. This Morning, at 11 o'Clock, we received Advice, that Prince Charles of Lorrain had at laſt found Means to paſs the Rhine with all his Army. The Day, or the Place, is not mention'd; but it is added, that the Auſtrians loſt in the Action 5000 Men; that the Loſs of the French was much greater, and that the latter had been forced to retreat ſix Leagues. Orders were immediately given for the Army to march, and we are packing up our Baggage with all the Diligence imaginable. To-morrow we are to move directly towards the Lines of Gennerſheim, which, tho' they ſeemed impregnable, the French abandon'd Yeſterday in the Evening; which confirms the Account we had of Prince Charles's Paſſage.

From the Head Quarters of the Dutch at Nordhein, September 25.

Yeſterday arrived an Expreſs, with the News that Prince Charles had paſſed the Rhine; with this unfortunate Circumſtance, that his Royal Highneſs was dangerouſly wounded in the Leg. The Army of the Allies begin its March this Morning towards Spire, and we are to follow them To-morrow.

Worms, September 25. There was a grand Council of War held on the 20th in the Preſence of his Britannick Majeſty; at which were preſent the Duke of Aremberg, the Field-Marſhal Count Neuperg, Lord Carteret, the Generals Campbell and Honeywood, Count Maurice of Naſſau, Baron Cronſtrom, and Baron Ginkel; in which it was reſolved, that all the Army ſhould march in three Columns, in order to attack the French in their Intrenchments, while the Irregular Troops attempted to force a Paſſage at Anweiler, on the Left, and a ſtrong Detachment march'd to make a Diverſion on the Right, on the Side of Phillipsburg. This Morning the Army is actually marched from hence, in order to put that Deſign in Execution.

Hague, September 1. According to a private Letter from Worms, of the 22d, His Britannick Majeſty had that Day receiv'd a Billet from Prince Charles, in the following Terms.

'Whatever Difficulties I met with in the Execution 'of my Deſign, in paſſing the Rhine, I cannot yet think 'them inſurmountable. On the contrary, I perſuade 'myſelf, that we ſhall at length get over them, thro' our 'Conſtancy. This Quality, my Troops are as little deficient in, as in Point of Courage. So that I hope we 'ſhall, at laſt, reap the Fruits of ſo glorious an Undertaking. Our Forces are ſo advantagiouſly poſted in the 'Iſlands they poſſeſs, that, as yet, the Enemy has not 'thought fit to attempt to diſlodge them.'

According to freſher Advices from Fribourg, we are told, that Prince Charles has divided his Army into three Bodies; one near Briſac, another near Neubourg, and the third was advanc'd towards Baſle; to which City, his Serene Highneſs had ſent Baron Trenck, to execute a Cammiſſion of great Importance, and which is ſuppoſed, to relate to the conſtructing a new Bridge over the Rhine. The laſt Letters from Prince Charles's Army directly inform us, that his Highneſs had order'd 2500 Men to take Poſt in the Iſland of Rhinmarck; and had made ſuch Diſpoſitions for their Security, that there was no Reaſon to doubt he means to keep Poſſeſſion of that Place during the Winter.

IRELAND.

Cork, September 12. On Tueſday came on the Election for an Alderman of the Ward of this City, in the room of George Bennet, Eſq; deceaſed. The Candidates were Alderman William Hawkins, and Alderman Ambroſe Jackſon. The Poll ſtood thus:

For Ambroſe Jackſon, Eſq; ——— 88
William Hawkins, Eſq; ——— 81

Majority ——— 7

Cork, September 6. Laſt Sunday Night, about Eleven o'Clock, a Fire broke out in Coleman-line, and burnt one Houſe, and another was ſtript to prevent the Fire ſpreading; it ſeem'd ſo fierce, that all the Church Bells rang for a conſiderable Time.

Dublin, September 17. On Monday Night laſt arriv'd in Kinſale Harbour the Strumbelo Fire-ſhip, commanded by Capt. Edward Beavor, who left Jamaica the 23d of June laſt with the Lion Man of War, and 24 Merchant Ships; but having on the 14th of Auguſt met with a violent Storm, the Strumbelo loſt her Main and Mizen Maſts, received a deal of other Damage, and was ſeparated from the Fleet; ſhe afterwards met one of the Merchant Ships in Diſtreſs, whoſe Crew ſhe took on board, but the Veſſel ſunk in their ſight.

Laſt Thurſday arrived here from the Allied Army in Germany, laſt from London, Major-General Frampton, Colonel of a Regiment of Foot on this Eſtabliſhment, and now on Dublin Duty.

His Grace the Lord Lieutenant, with his Lady and Family, are to ſet out from his Seat at Chatſworth in Derbyſhire on Thurſday next, and propoſe to be at Holyhead on the 25th; where his Majeſty's Yacht, and a Man of War, are order'd to be ready to receive him.

HOME PORTS.

Plymouth, September 20. Arriv'd the Codrington, Finch, from Virginia, for London; and his Majeſty's Ship the Antelope.

Pool, September 21. Wind N. Sailed the Hopewell, Rowe, the William and Thomas, Lander, the John and Elizabeth, Wells, and the Providence, Wills, for London. Came in the Thompſon, Thompſon, from London.

Cowes, September 21. On the 19th came in the Lovely Mary, Campert, from Oporto, and ſailed the next Morning for Portſmouth.

Southampton, September 22. Wind N. Arrived the Friendſhip, Arthur, from Jerſey.

Dover, September 22. Wind N. E. Arrived the Union, Payne, from Liverpool for London.

Deal, September 22. Wind E. N. E. Came down and ſailed the Matilda, Blackwell, for Liſbon; remains the Price Frigate, Towers, for Jamaica.

Gravesend, September 22. Paſs'd by the William and Deborah, Mitchell, from Arundale; the Chriſtian and Concordia, Beckman, from Norway; the Greyhorn, Storme, from Dantzick; the Reſolution, Fortune, from Riga; the Unicorn, Applebee, from St. Kitts; the New Mary, Jackſon, from Petersburg; the Leven and Leah, Seaton, from Jamaica; the Robert and John, Lundy, from Stockholm; the Britannia, Johnſon, from Riga; the Elizabeth and Hannah, Skelton; the John and Eſther, Hudſon, and the Elizabeth, Lecras, all from Guernſey.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

At Cork, the Tyger, Gradwell, from Jamaica.

At Briſtol, the Totneſs, Skillicorn, from Barbados.

At Biddeford, the Kent, ———, and the Amity, ———, both from Virginia.

LONDON.

Private Letters from the Hague, dated October 2, ſay, that Prince Charles's paſſing the Rhine was confirmed from Duſſeldorp, Cologn, and other Places.

The late Queen of Sweden having bequeathed, by her Will, ſeveral Jewels of great Value to the Duke of Holſtein, now Grand Duke of Ruſſia, his Imperial Highneſs has thought fit to make a Preſent of them to his Uncle, who was lately declared Succeſſor to the Crown of Sweden.

On the 25th Inſtant, N. S. The King of Pruſſia paſs'd thro' Leipſich, in his return to Berlin.

His Majeſty's Ship the Antelope, commanded by Capt. Maynard, being on a Cruiſe in the Soundings, was informed by two Dutch Eaſt India Ships, and a Ship from Jamaica, which he fell in with on the 11th Inſtant, that they had ſeen a large Ship, under Engliſh Colours, in Diſtreſs, ſhe having loſt her Main and Mizen Maſts; whereupon Capt. Maynard went in Queſt of her, and in a few Hours joined her; ſhe proved to be a Ship from Viginia, bound to London, laden with Tobacco and Tar, and in hard Gales of Wind had loſt her Maſts, thrown over-board her Guns, Anchors, Cables, and 200 Barrels of Tar; and Capt. Maynard finding all her People ſick,

he put five Men on board her, and took her in Tow, ſpared her his Stream Anchor and Cable, with ſome other Neceſſaries, and has brought her into Plymouth.

This Day 31 Days Subſiſtence will be iſſued out at the Pay-Office, Whitehall, to his Majeſty's Forces to the 24th of October next.

The long Moat in the Wilderneſs in St. James's Park is filling up with the Mud taken out of the Canal, and, when ſettled, is to be made a fine Gravel Walk; it reaches the whole Length of the Wilderneſs.

Yeſterday died in St. Martin's Court, Mrs. Ogden, Relict of ——— Ogden, Eſq; a Gentlewoman of great Piety and extenſive Charity.

The ſame Day died at Chelſea, Mrs. Elizabeth Watkins, aged 86. She was Relict of ——— Watkins, Eſq; late of the County of Bucks.

Laſt Wedneſday a young Man, Apprentice to a Waterman at St. Katherine's, went to a Chemiſt in that Neighbourhood for ſome Salts, and there being no other Perſon in the Way, the Maid undertook to ſerve him, who, thro' Miſtake, gave him Mercury; which the Lad took, and expir'd in a few Minutes after.

Yeſterday died after a long Illneſs, Sir Roger Hudſon, Knt. at his Houſe in Biſhopſgate-ſtreet.

The ſame Day Mr. Palmer, Attorney in the Mayor's Court, was choſen by a conſiderable Majority, Clerk to the Ironmongers Company; in the room of Mr. Morris, deceas'd.

Yeſterday Elizabeth Pugh was committed to Wood-ſtreet Compter by Sir George Champion, for ſtealing a Quantity of Flower from Mr. Nichols, a Cornfactor at Queenhithe.

Laſt Monday Night, about Ten o'Clock, as Richard Butler, Walter Edwards, and three others, Perriwig-makers, living near Clifford's Inn, were ſtanding by St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleetſtreet, they were attack'd by a Gang of Fellows arm'd with Bludgeons, who knock'd them down, and us'd them barbarouſly; but Aſſiſtance coming, prevented further Miſchief; and Yeſterday Thomas Yarney, one of their Ringleaders, was committed to Woodſtreet Compter. Numbers of Perſons have been uſed in like manner at Holbourn Bridge, by a Gang of Rogues that frequent that Place.

At Ruckholt-Houſe, near Low-Layton, in Eſſex, on Monday next, the 26th of September, will be perform'd (for the laſt Time this Seaſon) a Serenata, call'd Solomon. Tickets two Shillings; which entitles each Perſon to a Breakfaſt, as uſual, and a Book of the Entertainment. And in the Afternoon will be Singing by Mr. Lowe, Mr. Baildon, Mr. Brett, &c. Admittance after Two o'Clock One Shilling.

		Morning		Evening	
High Water this Day at London-Bridge.		03	31	03	40

Bank Stock, Nothing done. India, Nothing done. South Sea, 111 3-8ths. Old Annuity, 115 1-8th. New ditto, 113 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 101 1-half to 3-4ths. Ditto 1743, 101 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Aſſurance, 80. London Aſſurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 15 s. to 16 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 6 l. 7 s. 6 d. Salt Tallies, 103. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 105. Three per Cent. ditto, 99. Million Bank, 119. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 6 s. 6 d. to 7 s.

This Day is Publiſhed,

NUMBER 458, (*for the Months of* September, October, November *and* December, 1740) *of*

THE PHILOSOPHICAL TRANSACTIONS.

1. An Account of the Analogy betwixt Engliſh Weights and Meaſures of Capacity, by the Rev. Mr. William Barrow.

2. An Attempt to examine the Barrows in Cornwall, by Stephen Williams, M. D.

3. Extracts of two Letters from Sig. Camillo Paderni, to Mr. Allan Ramſay, concerning ſome antient Statues, Pictures, &c. found in a ſubterraneous Town lately diſcover'd near Naples.

4. Extract of a Letter from Mr. George Knapton to Mr. Charles Knapton, upon the ſame Subject.

5. Extract of a Letter from Mr. Criſpe to Mr. George Knapton upon the ſame Subject.

6. A remarkable Cure perform'd by John Cagus, of a Wound of the Head complicated with a large Fracture and Depreſſion of the Scull, the Dura Mater, and Brain, wounded and lacerated.

7. An Account of an extraordinary Stone voided by the Anus, by Mr. Mackarneſs, Apothecary.

8. An Account of Mr. Lecuwenhoek's Microſcopes, by Mr. Baker.

9. An Enquiry into the Cauſes of a dry and wet Summer.

Printed for C. Davis, againſt Gray's-Inn Gate, Holbourn, Printer to the Royal Society.

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1. The Art of Aſſaying Metals, illuſtrated with Cuts. By Dr. Cramer. 8vo.

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By Mr. NATHANIEL HAMMOND, *of the* Bank.

Extract from the Account of this Book in the Works of the Learned.

'The World has long complained of the Want of a proper 'Introduction to Algebra. Some are ſo very conciſe, as if 'they were contrived not to teach but introduce a Teacher; 'others again are larger, but wrote with ſo little Condeſcen-'tion to the Underſtandings of ſuch as are altogether unac-'quainted with the Science, that they are of very little Uſe 'to thoſe who are moſt inclined to make uſe of them. Whence 'it comes to paſs, that few find it practicable to make any 'Progreſs in Algebra without a Maſter, tho' certainly the Sci-'ence in itſelf is far from ſurpaſſing a clear Head, and a tole-'rable Underſtanding.

'The Deſign of this Treatiſe, which is of a reaſonable Bulk, 'and which contains nothing which is not ſolid, and to the 'Purpoſe, is to aſſiſt ſuch as are engaged in teaching Algebra 'with a regular Method, and a large Stock of Examples; ſo 'that their Scholars may find Employment in their Abſence; 'and to enable ſuch as live in Country-Places, and muſt con-'ſequently want all other Tutors, except Books, to acquire 'ſuch a Skill in this Science, as may enable them to ſpend a 'Portion of their Time agreeably in the Cultivation of their 'better Parts, and in rendering a natural Method of enqui-'ring after Truth habitual.

'The Treatiſe begins with a copious Explication of the 'Fundamental Principles of the Art, and of the Signs and 'Method of Notation uſed therein. The Author then pro-'ceeds to the ſeveral Rules, explaining them carefully and 'copiouſly in all their various Caſes; ſo that with a moderate 'Attention it is ſimply impoſſible for a Perſon, who deſires to 'be Maſter of Algebra, to miſs of his End.

'We never find this Writer advancing any thing out of its 'proper Place, or burthening the Mind of his Scholar with 'Rules, before they become neceſſary: He profeſſes to have 'imitated the judicious *Euclid* in this Reſpect; and he has 'done it with equal Art and Felicity. By this means he has 'delivered the young Student in Algebra from that which is 'uſually the moſt fatiguing Part of the Science, viz. The 'Doctrine of Surds, in the Manner in which it is uſually 'taught. By the ſame Means he leads his Reader directly to 'Equations; and, by ſhewing him the Profit he will reap 'from this Science, encourages him to overcome all its Diffi-'culties. But having thus laid a ſtrong and rational Founda-'tion, he moves more ſlowly through the reſt of his Work, 'that whoever follows him, may be obliged to become Maſter 'of every Branch of the Art, ſo as to be a compleat Algebraiſt, 'before he quits his Book, and not a Smatterer.

'Quadratic Equations, and the Art of managing Converge-'ing Series, the admirable Invention of the incomparable '*Newton*, are here ſo clearly explained, and their ſeveral Ca-'ſes ſo plainly ſet down, and ſo thoroughly explicated, that it 'may be truly ſaid, there are no where elſe ſuch Inſtructions 'to be met with. At the Cloſe of the Book, we find abund-'ance of Obſervations, neceſſary for enlightening ſuch Minds 'as are willing to proceed ſtill farther in analytic Diſcoveries; 'ſo that conſidering the Compaſs of this Work, and that too 'is very moderate, it is as complete as poſſibly can be expect-'ed: And he who is thoroughly verſed in it, will find no great 'Difficulties, when he proceeds to ſublimer Studies. The 'Language is plain and natural, the Book is more copious 'than any other in Examples, and the Illuſtrations of them 'are ſo full and clear, that it is impoſſible to miſtake their 'Meaning.——

Printed for J. Walthoe, over-againſt the Royal Exchange in Cornhill.

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1. JUS PARLIAMENTARIUM: Or, The Ancient Power, Juriſdiction, Rights and Liberties of the moſt High Court of Parliament. By WILLIAM PETYT, Eſq; late of the Inner Temple, and Keeper of the Records in the Tower.

2. The LIFE of SETHOS. Written by M. Teraſſon, one of the Members of the French Academy, as alſo of the Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris. Tranſlated from the French by THOMAS LEDIARD, Eſq;

By Order of the Lord Keeper of the Seals, I have read a Manuſcript, intituled, The Life of SETHOS: *This Work, which contains excellent Leſſons of the moſt refined Morality, is full of ſolid and the moſt extenſive Learning, and can't fail of being equally inſtructive and entertaining.*

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Quò, quò, ſcelſti, ruitis? aut cur dextrâ
Abſtantur enſes conditi?
Parùmne campis atque Neptuno ſuper
Fuſum eſt Latini *ſanguinis?*

Hor. Epod. Od. vi.

Printed for M. Cooper at the Globe in Pater-noſter Row.

This Day is publiſhed,

EPicteti quæ ſuperſunt Diſſertationes, ab Arriano collectæ; necnon Enchiridion et Fragmenta Græce & Latine, in duos Tomos diſtributa, cum integris Jacobi Schegkii & Hieronymi Wolfii, ſelectiſque aliorum Doctorum Annotationibus, recenſuit Notis, & Indice illuſtravit,

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The moſt Noble ELIXIR,

For Hypochondriack Melancholy *in Men, and the* Hyſterick Diſeaſe *or* Vapours *in Women.*

IN three Days Time demonſtrates to every one who takes it, that it is abſolutely infallible for the thorough Cure of thoſe perplexing Indiſpoſitions, even in the higheſt and moſt grievous Degree, where nothing but Reaſon reigns, where Reaſoning is interrupted or depriv'd, and where the Mind is confuſed with terrible Perturbation, Anxiety, Deſpondency, even to Diſtraction, and the Body afflicted with almoſt innumerable Ailments.

'Tis ſurprizing to ſee how ſoon this CELEBRATED ELIXIR, (even a few Doſes of it only) entirely cures the vaſt Variety of Symptoms, and induces a new Train of chearful and pleaſant Ideas, inſtead of thoſe deep and black Thoughts, thoſe direful Apprehenſions that ſo tenaciouſly dwelt upon the Soul, clouded the Underſtanding, and deſtroy'd all Noiſe, ever receiving Comfort again, for it occaſions a Flow of diſturb'd Spirits, and cauſes bright Gleams of Joy to break in upon the Heart, and chace away the whole Load of depreſſed and melancholy Imaginations ſo effectually, that the Patients are fully reliev'd both in Body and Mind; and now enjoying perfect Health, free and lively Spirits, ſteady, ſerene, and gay Thoughts, as much amaz'd that they could be chain'd down to ſuch a dire Way of Thinking, ſuch dreadful Fears, and dark Incantations as before, they were hopeleſs of ever getting free from them.

In a Word, the Effect of this NOBLE ELIXIR is ſuddenly and infallibly curing HYPOCHONDRIACK MELANCHOLY in Men, and the HYSTERICK DISEASE or VAPOURS in Women, in all their Shapes and Appearances, even after all other Remedies have proved fruitleſs, in as expreſſible, as the vaſt Numbers of both Sexes who have been perfectly cured by it, with the utmoſt Satisfaction declare.

It occaſions no Manner of Diſorder, is pleaſant to take, the Drops of it are a Doſe, and is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 5 s. a Bottle, with Directions.

An Infallible and Inſtant Cure

For DEAFNESS, THICKNESS *of* HEARING, PAIN *or* NOISE *in the* EARS, *&c. by the Chymical Specifick* DROPS.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offer'd to the Publick, or known in the World, for they directly cure Deafneſs, be it ever ſo bad, and all Thickneſs of Hearing and Noiſe in the Ears, almoſt at once, and that after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble, or the leaſt Uneaſineſs whatever, as many Thouſands have experienced.

They effectually remove all Pain occaſion'd by Cold, ſtrengthen the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obſtruction, and remedy all Defects of the Hearing, Ringing, moſt in an Inſtant, cauſing thoſe to hear exceeding quick as well, who before were in a Manner totally Deaf.

Hundreds who were ſo very bad, as not able to hear a Piſtol when beat cloſe by them, and therefore deſpaired of ever relieved, have been quickly and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, nothing in Nature can come near them for the ſpeedy and almoſt immediate Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever; but the great Eſteem and Reputation they have juſtly gained for many Years paſt, have occaſion'd (as uſual in ſuch Caſes) many Counterfeits to come abroad; beware therefore of ſuch Impoſitions, theſe excellent and only true Specifick Drops being to be had only, by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewomen at the two Blue Poſts in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories, at 5 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where elſe in England.

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